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Borderplex Economic Outlook: 2005-2007

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Business Report SR05-2

BORDERPLEX ECONOMIC OUTLOOK: 2005-2007





The University of Texas at El Paso

Borderplex Economic Outlook 2005-2007

Business Report SR05-2

UTEP Border Region Modeling Project

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Please send comments to Border Region Modeling Project - CBA 236, Department of Economics & Finance, 500 West University, El Paso, TX 79968-0543.

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Borderplex Economic Outlook: 2005- 2007

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Executive Overview

Economic conditions remain healthy in the borderplex. That assessment is reflected by growth in output, business receipts, and personal incomes (Table 1). Greater numbers of jobs allow the El Paso unemployment rate to trend downward as the local labor market strengthens. Although consumer indebtedness remains high, improved income and jobs performance generate additional retail activity, with total sales surpassing \$8.3 billion in 2006. Expansion at Fort Bliss causes strong levels of positive net migration and accelerated population growth. That translates into greater volumes of residential construction in all years of the forecast. Because of the decision to allow real water rates to erode for a year or more, aggregate water consumption in El Paso is expected to increase following four consecutive years of declines. Additional detail obtained from simulations of the UTEP Border Region Econometric Model is presented below.

El Paso Demographics

Although population growth continues to be determined primarily by natural increase, net migration into El Paso is projected to move sharply upwards (Table 2). That projection is based on several distinct factors. Better labor market conditions in El Paso will induce fewer persons to relocate to other metropolitan areas. International migration from Mexico is expected to remain strongly positive. Strategic decisions by the Base Realignment

and Closure Commission (BRAC) are also expected to add large numbers of troops to Fort Bliss. The latter development should eventually cause the rate of household formation to accelerate and create new business opportunities. Because of more robust business conditions, lower levels of both business and personal bankruptcies are expected to be observed in El Paso over the course of the forecast period.

Employment & the El Paso Labor Market

Job creation accelerated in 2004 and is projected to remain healthy during the next few years (Table 3). Growth in the employment base translates into a lower metropolitan jobless rate. Increased levels of fixed investment cause construction payrolls to eclipse the 20 thousand workers mark by 2006. Manufacturing employment is expected to continue declining as labor-intensive activities move offshore. The BRAC process is forecast to cause federal military jobs to exceed 14 thousand in El Paso for the first time since 1994. Although that will help business vitality, questions remain with respect to the timing of the eventual relocation of the Air Defense Artillery School to Fort Sill. Service sectors of the economy should continue to grow rapidly. Health care, retail, business services, telecommunications. and transportation are among the specific sectors anticipated to do well. Important structural changes still confront the local economy. To take advantage of an increasingly services-oriented labor market, improved high school graduation rates plus greater

enrollment levels in post-secondary educational programs represent the key to stronger border region job and income performance.

El Paso Personal Income

Better economic conditions allow El Paso personal income to grow in real per capita terms throughout the forecast period. As shown in Table 4, wage and salary disbursements increase as a consequence of higher employment levels. Not surprisingly, better labor market conditions also contribute to ongoing declines in unemployment transfers. Moderate corporate profitability, higher money market yields, and healthy real estate markets permit dividends, interest, and rental payments to increase to just over \$2 billion by 2007. Transfer payments to retirees are expected to reach nearly \$2.9 billion in 2007. El Paso will also continue to draw workers from surrounding counties in Texas and New Mexico, as well as from Ciudad Juárez. Consequently, residence adjustments are anticipated to exceed \$600 million per year.

Retail Sales in El Paso

Steady rates of growth are forecast for most categories of retail sales in El Paso (Table 5). In fact, the only category for which a negative rate of change is observed is hardware stores in 2005. The apparent setback is misleading, however, because it follows a year in which extremely rapid sales growth occurred. The only area of sustained weakness is food store sales, where inflation adjusted per capita declines are forecast. The latter category continues to be affected by changing household demographic patterns that reduce time available for in-home meal preparation. As a consequence, dining establishments observe annual increases of more than 5.5 percent per year during the forecast period. Heightened levels of construction activity also cause furniture and appliance sales to grow rapidly throughout the forecast period. Higher oil prices have strengthened the peso, improving the effective purchasing power for customers from Mexico who visit El Paso. The latter development also contributes to fairly robust

sales projections for general merchandise, as well as apparel and accessories.

El Paso Residential Construction & Real Estate

The BRAC related expansion of Fort Bliss is expected to cause substantial increases in net migration to El Paso. If it materializes as expected, that development will lead to notable gains in residential construction during the forecast period (Table 6). Gradual acceleration is predicted for single-family housing starts, a surprising simulation result that defies the increments in mortgage rates currently forecast for the United States. Even more impressive is the growth projected for multi-family starts. The latter are forecast to reach their highest level since 1996. Median prices for both new and existing single-family units are expected to grow rapidly. Mortgage rate increases combine with those price hikes to raise average monthly payments to nearly \$700 by 2007. In response, housing affordability declines by moderate amounts in every year of the forecast period. Although affordability is expected to erode, population and income growth are sufficiently strong that sales of existing homes are projected to remain in excess of 20 thousand units per year throughout the forecast period.

El Paso Air Transportation

As shown in Table 8, air transportation continues to recover from poor economic conditions and heightened security concerns. All of the air traffic categories modeled are forecast to expand in 2006 and 2007. That growth is in spite of fare increases that are anticipated as a consequence of higher jet fuel prices. International passenger volumes are expected to begin to reverse their recent volume losses due to economic strength in Mexico, an appreciating peso, and expansion in the in-bond manufacturing industry. In response to improved industrial performance on both sides of the river, air cargo traffic is projected to approach the levels attained in 2000 by 2007. Airmail volumes should continue to remain well below historical performance levels due strong competition from rapidly expanding electronic communications and alternative delivery options available to customers.

International Bridge Activity

Increases in borderplex economic activity cause northbound personal and cargo vehicle bridge flows from Ciudad Juárez into El Paso to swell over the course of the forecast period. As security concerns are better addressed via new infrastructure and safety procedures, pedestrian traffic at the Paso del Norte and Ysleta bridges is expected to decline. Those decrements are not forecast, however, to fall below the levels observed prior to 2001 at those arteries (Table 9). Total cargo vehicle traffic is expected to exceed 750 thousand trucks by 207. Personal vehicle traffic across the Bridge of the Americas has increased in response to more reduced wait times. The rapid growth observed in 2004 should subside by 2006 and be followed by moderate growth again in 2007.

El Paso Water Consumption

Relatively sharp rate increases in 2003 and 2004 caused aggregate water usage to decline sharply in El Paso during those years (Table 10). That pattern will be partially reversed as a consequence of the decision to deliberately allow water rates to decline in real terms in 2005. Given the rapid growth projected in the number of hook-ups, the policy of allowing rates to again lag behind the overall rate of inflation carries with it the risk of encouraging per capita consumption levels begin climbing again. Such a development may, however, be less problematic than in years past due to reduced industrial water requirements and new desalination capacity being developed at Fort Bliss.

Ciudad Juárez Economic Activity

Total employment reversed three consecutive years of declines in Ciudad Juárez in 2004. The catalyst for that welcome reversal was better economic conditions in the United States. The latter translated into increased orders for the maquiladora sector

and substantial increases in the numbers of workers hired (Table 12). It will take time to reverse the job losses tallied between 2001 and 2003, but new plant openings and greater investment from abroad have initiated that process. Because the outlook for the peso is relatively steady in real terms, in-bond manufacturing hourly earnings should climb to approximately \$3.90 dollars per hour by 2007. Significant deregulation and market-oriented reforms in Mexico are not likely in 2006 due to the looming presidential election. Consequently, further erosion in competitiveness with Central American and Far East Asian countries such as China is likely. Given that, the maquiladora sector will probably operate at less than full capacity for the foreseeable future. In spite of that, rapid population growth is still projected in Ciudad Juárez as new workers migrate from other regions within the country (Table 11). That, plus incomes growth cause the demand for municipal water service to remain very high. Consequently, the number of hook-ups is expected to surpass 378 thousand in 2007 with aggregate water consumption exceeding 175 million cubic meters that year.

Chihuahua City Economic Activity

Table 13 summarizes the simulation results for the Chihuahua City metropolitan economy. Healthy gains in maquiladora payrolls are also forecast in this market. A steady peso combines with greater demand for labor to push average hourly wages in the in-bond assembly sector to nearly \$4.50 by the end of the forecast period. Simulations with the borderplex model indicate that the number of plants in operation should surpass the previous peak number attained in 2000 by the end of 2006. Formal sector employment has taken longer to recover from the recent downturn, but is anticipated to nearly reach nearly 195 thousand jobs by 2007. Better jobs performance should attract in-migrants from other regions of the country, causing population growth to accelerate relative to what was observed during the first half of the 2000s. Demographic pressures combine with improved income performance to increase the demand for municipal water services. As a consequence, the number of water customers is expected to exceed 247 thousand by 2007. Real rate increases are expected to lower per capita consumption, but not by enough to prevent total water usage from growing to more than 71.6 million cubic meters in 2007.

Las Cruces Economic Conditions

Similar to El Paso, improving in business conditions encourages the rate of business formation to accelerate in Las Cruces. Significant declines in both business and personal bankruptcies are also forecast in this metropolitan economy (Table 13). Relatively rapid rates of in-migration, especially by retirees, are expected to increase construction payrolls in Doña Ana County. Buoyed by stable public finances, state and local government payrolls are expected to continue slowly expanding (Table 14). The fastest rates of jobs growth are projected for service segments in this region of Southern New Mexico. Total employment is projected to exceed 88.7 thousand jobs by 2007. Given the outlook for employment, wages and proprietor incomes are estimated to increase substantially, with average growth rates of more than five percent per year (Table 15). In general, most income categories exhibit healthy performances in Las Cruces and total personal income is projected to surpass \$4.7 billion by 2007.

Forecast Risks

National economic conditions in the United States and Mexico are projected to remain stable in 2006 and 2007. Historically high levels of corporate and household indebtedness represent important weak points hampering economic performance in the United States. Energy price hikes resulting from hurricane supply disruptions represent another source of potential difficulties for the national economy. Legislative gridlock in Mexico City continues to derail the approval process for important structural reforms in that economy. Both circumstances can potentially impact the borderplex economy in a negative manner. Closer to home, El Paso continues to face difficulties associated with low educational attainment and physical infrastructure investment. The private

sector in Ciudad Juárez continues to struggle with complex business licensing requirements and both cities face ongoing risks associated with heightened security requirements at the border. Also critical to the accuracy of this outlook is the manner in which the BRAC decisions are implemented, particularly the timing of the relocation of the Air Defense Artillery School to Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Historical and Forecast Data

Tables 1 through 16 summarize the numerical results from the short-term forecast simulation to 2007 using the UTEP Borderplex Econometric Model. Forecasts for El Paso and Las Cruces income, employment, and El Paso business establishments in the current edition begin in 2004. Forecasts for all other data series begin in 2005. At present, the model is comprised by 189 equations covering all of the categories listed in the tables. Suggestions and requests for next year's volume are welcome. Please send them to Border Region Modeling Project - CBA 236, UTEP Department of Economics & Finance, 500 West University, El Paso, TX 79968-0543.

Table 1 Major Indicators for El Paso

> Table 2 El Paso Demographics

Table 3
El Paso Labor Force and Employment

Table 4 El Paso Personal Income

Table 5
El Paso Gross Retail Activity

Table 6
El Paso Residential Construction & Real Estate

Table 7
El Paso Nonresidential Construction

Table 8
El Paso Air Transportation

Table 9 Northbound International Bridge Traffic

> Table 10 El Paso Water Consumption

Table 11 Ciudad Juárez Demographic Indicators

Table 12 Ciudad Juárez Economic Indicators

Table 13 Ciudad Chihuahua Economic Indicators

Table 14
Las Cruces Demographics & Other Indicators

Table 15 Las Cruces Employment

Table 16 Las Cruces Personal Income

Table 1: Major Indicators for El Paso 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 El Paso Population 665.066 671.250 675.397 681.502 687.543 693.570 702.609 713.126 725.055 738.504 752.923 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 1.5 1.7 % change 1.3 0.6 1.3 1.9 2.0 Net Migration -2.124-4.463 -5.904 -4.233 -4.113 -3.797-0.8000.234 1.637 3.101 4.023 El Paso Personal Income 10775.3 11399.7 12649.9 13510.5 14055.8 16303.2 18235.6 11741.1 14667.1 15445.3 17237.1 7.5 7.7 4.3 % change 5.8 3.0 6.8 4.0 5.3 5.6 5.7 5.8 7991.5 El Paso Labor and Proprietor Earnings 8435.6 8820.2 9512.9 10342.7 10759.4 11255.7 11856.1 12550.1 13274.8 14007.9 % change 7.3 5.6 4.6 7.9 8.7 4.0 4.6 5.3 5.9 5.8 5.5 El Paso Real GMP 13.510 14.018 14.457 14.420 14.265 14.900 15.450 15.981 16.587 17.233 17.875 % change 5.3 3.8 3.1 -0.3 -1.1 4.5 3.7 3.4 3.8 3.9 3.7 12.409 El Paso Businesses 12.207 12.379 12.310 12.214 12.402 12.520 12.610 12.892 13.139 13.369 % change 1.4 1.7 -0.2 -0.6 -0.8 1.5 1.0 0.7 2.2 1.9 1.8 307.951 319.893 El Paso Total Jobs 314.796 326.272 325.114 330.416 333.658 339.782 347.563 356.177 364.174 2.8 2.2 2.0 -0.4 1.0 1.8 2.3 2.5 2.2 % change 1.6 1.6 7.8 El Paso Jobless Rate 11.1 10.2 9.4 8.2 8.7 9.6 7.9 7.6 8.2 7.7 El Paso Housing Starts 2.860 3.470 4.010 3.530 3.915 3.777 5.185 3.756 4.217 4.606 5.078 % change -21.2 21.3 15.6 -12.0 10.9 -3.5 37.3 -27.6 12.3 9.2 10.2 88.993 94.213 104.591 El Paso New House Prices 90.618 92.778 99.204 101.100 108.791 118.400 123.858 127.436 5.3 % change -1.6 1.8 2.4 1.5 1.9 3.5 4.0 8.8 4.6 2.9 El Paso Retail Sales 5050.4 5309.2 5885.0 6343.5 6354.1 6655.1 6904.4 7311.0 7605.9 7979.4 8368.9 % change -4.0 5.1 10.8 7.8 0.2 4.7 3.7 5.9 4.0 4.9 4.9 15.139 15.996 16.696 13.053 International Bridges 15.212 16.184 13.698 14.816 16.189 16.375 16.585 0.3 0.5 9.3 % change 5.2 4.4 -3.1 -19.3 4.9 8.2 1.1 1.3 34.541 35.071 35.771 36.022 35.387 35.372 33.898 32.042 32.254 32.504 32.639 El Paso Water Consumption -0.3 1.5 2.0 0.7 -1.8 0.0 -4.2 -5.5 0.7 0.8 0.4 % change

- 1. El Paso population in thousands.
- 2. El Paso net migration in thousands.
- 3. All income and earnings data are expressed in millions of nominal dollars.
- 4. Real gross metropolitan product data are expressed in billions of 1996 dollars.
- 5. Total El Paso business establishments in thousands.
- 6. Total El Paso employment in thousands.
- 7. El Paso unemployment rate in percentage terms.
- 8. Total El Paso housing starts in thousands.
- 9. El Paso median new single-family house prices in thousands of nominal dollars.
- 10. El Paso total retail sales reported in millions of nominal dollars.
- 11. Total northbound international bridge crossings are in millions of personal vehicles.
- 12. Total El Paso water consumption in billion gallons.

		Ta	ble 2: I	El Paso	Demog	raphics	5				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Population	665.066	671.250	675.397	681.502	687.543	693.570	702.609	713.126	725.055	738.504	752.923
% change	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0
Resident Births	14.473	14.481	13.981	14.285	14.189	14.058	14.201	14.374	14.517	14.662	14.799
% change	-2.9	0.1	-3.5	2.2	-0.7	-0.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9
Resident Deaths	3.765	3.834	3.930	3.947	4.035	4.234	4.362	4.091	4.225	4.314	4.404
% change	0.5	1.8	2.5	0.4	2.2	4.9	3.0	-6.2	3.3	2.1	2.1
Net Migration	-2.124	-4.463	-5.904	-4.233	-4.113	-3.797	-0.800	0.234	1.637	3.101	4.023
Domestic Migration	-10.714	-12.054	-14.493	-11.036	-9.278	-8.949	-5.890	-4.682	-3.439	-2.037	-1.227
International Migration	8.590	7.591	8.589	6.803	5.165	5.152	5.090	4.916	5.077	5.138	5.25
Households	202.365	205.503	207.805	210.725	213.088	215.566	218.921	222.093	225.225	228.704	233.042
% change	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.9
Civilian Labor Force	333.353	337.251	340.418	342.706	341.106	348.088	354.659	354.586	362.049	370.352	378.317
% change	1.9	1.2	0.9	0.7	-0.5	2.0	1.9	0.0	2.1	2.3	2.2
Business Establishments	12.207	12.409	12.379	12.310	12.214	12.402	12.520	12.610	12.892	13.139	13.369
% change	1.4	1.7	-0.2	-0.6	-0.8	1.5	1.0	0.7	2.2	1.9	1.8
Retail Outlets	10.153	10.257	10.336	10.092	9.781	10.268	10.345	10.360	10.524	10.682	10.843
% change	0.0	1.0	0.8	-2.4	-3.1	5.0	0.7	0.1	1.6	1.5	1.5
Business Bankruptcies	140	94	80	75	94	82	104	93	95	97	99
% change	79.5	-32.9	-14.9	-6.3	25.3	-12.8	26.8	-10.6	2.2	2.1	2.1
Personal Bankruptcies	2525	2259	2642	2678	3153	3050	3218	3160	3154	3152	3171
% change	6.7	-10.5	17.0	1.4	17.7	-3.3	5.5	-1.8	-0.2	-0.1	0.6
UTEP Fall Enrollment	15.176	14.677	14.695	15.224	16.220	17.232	18.542	18.918	19.264	19.616	19.962
% change	-1.4	-3.3	0.1	3.6	6.5	6.2	7.6	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8
EPCC Fall Enrollment	19.873	19.184	18.897	18.001	18.561	19.859	23.016	24.740	25.160	25.952	26.906
% change	0.8	-3.5	-1.5	-4.7	3.1	7.0	15.9	7.5	1.7	3.1	3.7

- 1. All population data are reported in thousands.
- 2. Households are reported in thousands.
- 3. Civilian labor force estimates are in thousands.
- 4. Total business establishment data are in thousands.
- 5. Retail business establishment data are in thousands.
- 6. College enrollments data are in thousands.

Table 3: El Paso Labor Force and Employment 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 362.049 Civilian Labor Force 333.353 337.251 340.418 342.706 341.106 348.088 354.659 354.586 370.352 378.317 0.9 1.9 1.2 0.7 -0.5 2.0 1.9 0.0 2.1 2.3 % change 2.2 Unemployment Rate 7.9 7.8 11.1 10.2 9.4 8.2 8.2 8.7 9.6 7.7 7.6 307.951 314.796 319.893 326.272 325.114 330.416 333.658 339.782 347.563 356.177 364.174 Total Employment % change 1.0 2.8 2.2 2.0 -0.4 2.3 2.5 2.2 1.6 1.6 1.8 17.875 18.613 18.508 19.586 El Paso Construction 17.692 18.72 18.351 18.040 18.107 20.307 20.645 % change 6.2 -1.0 5.8 -0.6 -1.4 -1.7 0.4 2.2 5.8 3.7 1.7 Manufacturing 45.027 44.603 41.404 39.496 36.432 32.020 28.248 27.100 26.175 25.484 24.849 % change -2.0 -0.9 -7.2 -4.6 -7.8 -12.1 -11.8 -4.1 -3.4 -2.6 -2.5 Local Government 36.134 37.032 38.644 39.778 40.459 40.618 41.438 42.020 42.703 43.373 44.079 % change 2.5 2.5 4.4 2.9 1.7 0.4 2.0 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 7.244 7.321 7.460 7.606 7.745 7.918 7.856 7.949 8.021 8.087 State Government 8.161 4.5 1.1 1.9 2.0 1.8 2.2 -0.8 1.2 0.9 0.8 0.9 % change 8.595 Federal Civilian Govt. 8.631 8.818 8.765 8.935 8.705 8.507 8.478 8.462 8.643 8.863 % change 0.7 -0.9 -1.4 3.7 -3.9 -0.2 1.6 0.6 1.4 1.1 0.8 11.600 11.945 11.474 11.668 11.979 12.612 13.046 13.350 13.700 14.160 Military Employment 14.651 % change 11.9 3.0 -3.9 1.7 2.7 5.3 3.4 2.3 2.6 3.4 3.5 Not Elsewhere Classified 181.366 187.572 193.684 200.293 201.670 210.746 216.368 222.212 228.613 235.904 242.855 % change 3.3 3.4 3.3 3.4 0.7 4.5 2.7 2.7 2.9 3.2 2.9

- 1. Labor force in thousands
- 2. Unemployment rate data in percentages.
- 3. Employment data in thousands.
- 4. Not Elsewhere Classified includes communications, services, retail, financial and other employment categories.

		Tab	le 4: El	Paso P	Persona	l Incon	ie				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Personal Income	10775.3	11399.7	11741.1	12649.9	13510.5	14055.8	14667.1	15445.3	16303.2	17237.1	18235.6
% change	7.5	5.8	3.0	7.7	6.8	4.0	4.3	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8
Wages and Salaries	6065.6	6459.7	6704.9	7047.0	7205.2	7479.8	7665.1	8002.4	8453.7	8938.2	9420.5
% change	7.3	6.5	3.8	5.1	2.2	3.8	2.5	4.4	5.6	5.7	5.4
Other Labor Income	915.5	961.1	1004.1	1074.1	1151.5	1282.9	1417.0	1536.6	1625.5	1702.0	1770.4
% change	4.6	5.0	4.5	7.0	7.2	11.4	10.5	8.4	5.8	4.7	4.0
Proprietor Incomes	1010.3	1014.8	1111.2	1391.8	1985.9	1996.7	2173.6	2317.1	2470.8	2634.6	2817.0
% change	9.6	0.4	9.5	25.3	42.7	0.5	8.9	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.9
Social Ins. Cntrbns.	438.0	458.7	476.6	496.5	534.4	568.2	586.1	619.5	655.6	697.4	738.1
% change	6.3	4.7	3.9	4.2	7.6	6.3	3.2	5.7	5.8	6.4	5.8
Residence Adjustments	-448.2	-477.6	-493.6	-515.0	-539.7	-564.9	-567.4	-595.6	-618.7	-641.3	-664.2
% change	-10.5	-6.6	-3.4	-4.3	-4.8	-4.7	-0.4	-5.0	-3.9	-3.7	-3.6
Dividends, Int., Rent	1650.6	1816.8	1751.3	1881.1	1771.5	1727.2	1684.3	1795.0	1864.2	1934.2	2036.5
% change	12.3	10.1	-3.6	7.4	-5.8	-2.5	-2.5	6.6	3.9	3.8	5.3
Retirement Transfers	1590.7	1659.6	1701.8	1827.0	2022.9	2189.7	2294.6	2416.2	2547.2	2707.7	2890.8
% change	5.9	4.3	2.5	7.4	10.7	8.2	4.8	5.3	5.4	6.3	6.8
Inc. Maint. Transfers	414.7	410.6	423.3	427.7	433.6	493.2	564.6	573	599.8	643.2	687.1
% change	2.7	-1.0	3.1	1.0	1.4	13.7	14.5	1.5	4.7	7.2	6.8
Unemployment Transfers	13.9	13.4	14.7	12.8	13.9	19.3	21.3	20.1	16.1	15.9	15.6
% change	-3.5	-3.6	9.6	-13.3	9.0	38.4	10.7	-5.8	-19.8	-1.2	-1.9

- 1. All income data are expressed in millions of dollars.
- 2. Social insurance contributions are deducted from total regional income estimates.
- 3. Retirement transfer payments include social security and other retirement payments.
- 4. Income maintenance transfers include aid to families with dependent children and other payments.
- 5. Unemployment transfer payments include unemployment insurance payments to individuals.

Table 5: El Paso Gross Retail Activity 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Total 5050.4 5309.2 5885.0 6343.5 6354.1 6655.1 6904.4 7311.0 7605.9 7979.4 8368.9 5.1 7.8 0.2 3.7 5.9 % change -4.0 10.8 4.7 4.0 4.9 4.9 300.8 329.5 338.4 423.6 Hardware Stores 335.6 336.1 360.8 379.7 451.5 442.8 463.8 -2.0 18.9 % change 0.6 11.6 0.1 2.7 6.6 5.2 -6.2 4.5 4.7 General Merchandise 618.4 624.7 960.8 1022.2 1113.1 1180.9 1238.2 1332.7 1401.9 1483.0 1564.1 % change -20 1.0 53.8 6.4 8.9 6.1 4.8 7.6 5.2 5.8 5.5 974.3 945.4 907.1 891.9 910.1 923.3 935.0 Food Stores 892.8 868.2 864.3 876.7 -3.0 -0.4 2.0 % change 3.4 -5.6 1.6 -4.3 1.4 1.7 1.4 1.3 Automobiles and Fuel 1096.1 1216.7 1360.3 1531.9 1604.1 1716.7 1820.8 1949.9 2009.0 2087.9 2190.1 % change -18.8 11.0 11.8 12.6 7.0 6.1 7.1 3.0 3.9 4.9 4.7 538.9 Apparel & Accessories 378.8 422.4 464.9 511.6 492.7 496.1 490.2 497.4 581.7 622.8 9.2 10.0 % change 11.5 10.1 -3.7 0.7 -1.2 1.5 8.3 7.9 7.1 Furniture & Appliances 376.8 378.7 389.2 429.8 423.9 428.3 435.8 443.1 480.1 512.9 536.1 10.4 % change -2.0 0.5 2.8 -1.4 1.0 1.7 1.7 8.3 6.8 4.5 496.9 540.5 555.9 593.4 603.4 630.9 700.4 738.5 785.0 Dining Establishments 656.4 830.8 2.9 5.5 % change 5.7 8.8 6.7 1.7 4.6 4.0 6.7 6.3 5.8 Miscellaneous Retail 808.3 845.2 924.9 1018.1 910.2 977.0 1006.6 1044.1 1103.8 1162.8 1226.3 9.4 10.1 -10.6 7.3 3.7 % change 16.6 4.6 3.0 5.7 5.4 5.5

- 1. All sales figures are expressed in millions of dollars.
- 2. Hardware stores include hardware, garden supply, and building materials stores, plus mobile home dealers.
- 3. General merchandise stores include department, variety, and miscellaneous dry goods stores.
- 4. Food stores include grocery stores, seafood markets, vegetable stands, candy stores, bakeries, and dairy outlets.
- 5. Automobiles and fuel includes car and motorcycle dealers, auto parts stores, gasoline service stations, water and rec. vehicle dealers.
- 6. Dining establishments include restaurants, caterers, ice cream parlors, cafes, bars and nightclubs.
- 7. Miscellaneous includes pharmacies, liquor, sporting good, book, jewelry, luggage, toy, camera, optical, florist, and souvenir stores.

	Table 6:	El Paso	Resid	ential (Constru	ection &	k Real	Estate			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Housing Starts	2.860	3.470	4.010	3.530	3.915	3.777	5.185	3.756	4.217	4.606	5.078
% change	-21.2	21.3	15.6	-12.0	10.9	-3.5	37.3	-27.6	12.3	9.2	10.2
Single-Family Starts	2.540	3.310	3.670	3.130	3.762	3.602	4.910	3.488	3.610	3.846	4.237
% change	-2.3	30.3	10.9	-14.7	20.2	-4.3	36.3	-29.0	3.5	6.5	10.2
Multi-Family Starts	0.320	0.160	0.340	0.400	0.153	0.175	0.275	0.268	0.607	0.760	0.841
% change	-68.9	-50.0	112.5	17.6	-61.8	14.4	57.1	-2.5	126.3	25.4	10.5
Total Housing Stock	237.4	239.7	242.6	245.4	248.1	251.2	255.6	260.7	264.6	269.0	273.9
% change	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.8
Single-Family Stock	173.3	175.3	178.2	181.1	183.7	186.6	190.9	195.8	199.6	203.7	207.9
% change	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.6	2.0	2.0	2.1
Multi-Family Stock	64.1	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.6	64.7	64.9	65	65.4	65.9
% change	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.8
Median New Price	88.993	90.618	92.778	94.213	99.204	101.100	104.591	108.791	118.400	123.858	127.436
% change	-1.6	1.8	2.4	1.5	5.3	1.9	3.5	4.0	8.8	4.6	2.9
Median Resale Price	75.825	78.050	78.750	80.640	86.250	88.958	92.678	94.557	103.499	110.636	116.649
% change	-0.3	2.9	0.9	2.4	7.0	3.1	4.2	2.0	9.5	6.9	5.4
Average Monthly Payment	538	528	541	580	559	553	540	570	605	655	694
% change	1.5	-1.9	2.4	7.2	-3.6	-1.0	-2.4	5.5	6.2	8.3	6.0
Affordability Index	216.9	221.5	235.5	227.0	241.9	248.1	257.3	250.6	248.5	243.3	239.9
% change	2.6	2.1	6.3	-3.6	6.6	2.5	3.7	-2.6	-0.9	-2.1	-1.4
Existing Units Sold	10.436	12.677	15.244	14.102	14.901	15.464	19.181	21.145	21.527	22.750	22.758
% change	6.8	21.5	20.2	-7.5	5.7	3.8	24.0	10.2	1.8	5.7	0.0

- 1. Housing start and stock data are in thousands.
- 2. Affordability index increases as household income strengthens relative to mortgage payments.
- 3. Average monthly mortgage payment is in current dollars.
- 4. Existing housing units sold includes both stand-alone and multi-family units.
- 5. Median new and existing home prices are for stand-alone units and quoted in thousands of dollars.

	Ta	ble 7: E	El Paso	Nonres	identia	l Const	ruction	l			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Nonresidential Space	288.682	216.249	263.768	305.734	278.392	335.159	257.311	304.491	354.455	371.645	377.146
% change	7.2	-25.1	22.0	15.9	-8.9	20.4	-23.2	18.3	16.4	4.8	1.5
Industrial Space Permits	37.878	12.646	13.392	11.861	1.923	0.000	1.918	5.959	10.301	11.756	11.427
% change	39.6	-66.6	5.9	-11.4	-83.8	-100.0		210.7	72.9	14.1	-2.8
Office Space Permit Values	23.070	12.915	11.475	10.222	10.971	23.800	15.160	20.535	10.940	11.383	15.821
% change	37.9	-44.0	-11.1	-10.9	7.3	116.9	-36.3	35.5	-46.7	4.0	39
Other Commercial Space	176.523	158.018	191.797	195.371	206.246	224.125	169.274	179.300	235.301	256.603	257.546
% change	8.6	-10.5	21.4	1.9	5.6	8.7	-24.5	5.9	31.2	9.1	0.4
Miscellaneous Nonres.	51.212	32.670	47.104	88.281	59.251	87.234	70.959	98.697	97.913	91.904	92.353
% change	-18.5	-36.2	44.2	87.4	-32.9	47.2	-18.7	39.1	-0.8	-6.1	0.5

- 1. All nonresidential construction permits data are quoted in millions of dollars.
- $2. \ \ Other commercial permits include service stations, retail stores, parking garages, warehouses, and public utilities.$
- 3. Miscellaneous includes port facilities, recreational buildings, sports stadiums, swimming pools, and health care facilities.

		Table 8	8: El Pa	aso Inte	rnation	ıal Airp	port				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Passenger Arrivals	1600.5	1605.7	1648.0	1624.6	1527.3	1425.8	1446.7	1591.8	1685.9	1772.6	1853
% change	-9.0	0.3	2.6	-1.4	-6.0	-6.7	1.5	10.0	5.9	5.1	4.5
Domestic Arrivals	1582.7	1590.1	1631.0	1611.7	1516.6	1414.8	1441.7	1588.6	1681.9	1768.3	1848.5
% change	-9.2	0.5	2.6	-1.2	-5.9	-6.7	1.9	10.2	5.9	5.1	4.5
International Arrivals	17.789	15.542	16.974	12.847	10.726	10.928	4.975	3.180	4.002	4.350	4.488
% change	12.5	-12.6	9.2	-24.3	-16.5	1.9	-54.5	-36.1	25.9	8.7	3.2
Passenger Departures	1633.5	1635.3	1691.6	1688.1	1564.4	1450.0	1464.0	1612.6	1688.6	1778.3	1861.8
% change	-9.3	0.1	3.4	-0.2	-7.3	-7.3	1.0	10.2	4.7	5.3	4.7
Domestic Departures	1616.1	1619.9	1674.7	1676.3	1554.0	1439.5	1459.2	1609.7	1684.7	1774.0	1857.4
% change	-9.5	0.2	3.4	0.1	-7.3	-7.4	1.4	10.3	4.7	5.3	4.7
International Departures	17.368	15.351	16.947	11.843	10.345	10.426	4.727	2.955	3.940	4.299	4.397
% change	8.1	-11.6	10.4	-30.1	-12.6	0.8	-54.7	-37.5	33.3	9.1	2.3
1 D 1 D 1 L	20.260	47.206	55.60	55.204	46.012	51 60 5	45.266	16.747	47.045	40.022	52.202
In-Bound Freight	39.268	47.396	55.60	55.204	46.013	51.637	45.366	46.747	47.245	49.823	53.392
% change	-1.3	20.7	17.3	-0.7	-16.6	12.2	-12.1	3.0	1.1	5.5	7.2
Out-Bound Freight	31.825	35.316	38.811	41.697	33.599	35.106	36.557	35.911	38.164	40.590	43.189
% change	4.0	11.0	9.9	7.4	-19.4	4.5	4.1	-1.8	6.3	6.4	6.4
In Description	2.670	2.657	4.006	4 227	2 270	1 704	1.610	1.505	1.464	1.400	1.511
In-Bound Mail	3.679 -5.0	3.657 -0.6	4.096 12.0	4.337 5.9	3.378	1.784 -47.2	1.610 -9.8	1.505 -6.5	1.464 -2.7	1.489 1.7	1.511 1.5
% change	-3.0	-0.0	12.0	5.9	-22.1	-41.2	-9.8	-0.3	-2.1	1.7	1.5
Out-Bound Mail	1.715	1.744	2.307	2.331	1.362	0.346	0.529	0.621	0.468	0.510	0.559
% change	-15.5	1.7	32.2	1.1	-41.6	-74.6	52.8	17.4	-24.6	9.0	9.4

 $^{1. \ \, \}text{El Paso International Airport passenger data are in thousands}.$

^{2.} El Paso International Airport freight data are in thousand tons.

^{3.} El Paso International Airport mail data are in thousand tons.

	Table	9: Noi	thbour	nd Inter	rnation	al Brid	ge Traf	fic			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Pedestrians, All Bridges	4.622	5.204	5.666	5.840	7.198	9.301	8.899	8.453	7.819	7.700	7.68
% change	3.9	12.6	8.9	3.1	23.3	29.2	-4.3	-5.0	-7.5	-1.5	-0.3
Cars, All Bridges	15.139	15.212	15.996	16.696	16.184	13.053	13.698	14.816	16.189	16.375	16.585
% change	0.3	0.5	5.2	4.4	-3.1	-19.3	4.9	8.2	9.3	1.1	1.3
Trucks, All Bridges	0.597	0.606	0.672	0.729	0.666	0.704	0.660	0.720	0.726	0.737	0.752
% change	2.0	1.6	10.9	8.4	-8.6	5.8	-6.3	9.1	0.9	1.5	2.0
BOTA Pedestrians	0.683	0.675	0.534	0.605	0.769	1.208	1.021	0.785	0.642	0.646	0.651
% change	5.4	-1.1	-20.8	13.3	27.0	57.0	-15.4	-23.1	-18.2	0.6	0.8
BOTA Personal Vehicles	7.421	7.553	8.196	8.168	7.295	4.708	4.680	6.125	7.865	7.981	8.083
% change	-5.6	1.8	8.5	-0.3	-10.7	-35.5	-0.6	30.9	28.4	1.5	1.3
BOTA Cargo Vehicles	0.308	0.312	0.343	0.363	0.335	0.375	0.346	0.383	0.384	0.388	0.395
% change	25.9	1.4	9.9	5.9	-7.8	12.0	-7.8	10.6	0.4	1.1	1.8
PDN Pedestrians	3.610	4.198	4.798	4.858	5.927	7.252	7.080	6.919	6.506	6.421	6.400
% change	4.1	16.3	14.3	1.2	22.0	22.4	-2.4	-2.3	-6.0	-1.3	-0.3
PDN Personal Vehicles	4.599	4.413	4.179	4.672	4.632	3.658	4.173	3.910	3.626	3.649	3.664
% change	5.6	-4.1	-5.3	11.8	-0.9	-21.0	14.1	-6.3	-7.2	0.6	0.4
DCL Personal Vehicles	UN	UN	UN	UN	0.386	1.138	1.475	1.451	1.489	1.527	1.566
% change	UN	UN	UN	UN	UN	194.7	29.7	-1.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Ysleta Pedestrians	0.330	0.332	0.334	0.377	0.502	0.841	0.797	0.748	0.671	0.633	0.629
% change	-1.5	0.6	0.7	12.9	33.3	67.4	-5.2	-6.2	-10.3	-5.7	-0.6
Ysleta Personal Vehicles	3.119	3.246	3.621	3.856	3.871	3.550	3.370	3.330	3.209	3.218	3.272
% change	8.3	4.1	11.5	6.5	0.4	-8.3	-5.1	-1.2	-3.6	0.3	1.7
Ysleta Cargo Vehicles	0.289	0.294	0.329	0.365	0.331	0.329	0.314	0.337	0.342	0.349	0.356
% change	-15.1	1.8	12.0	11.1	-9.4	-0.6	-4.6	7.4	1.5	1.9	2.3

- 1. All bridge data are for northbound traffic categories into the City of El Paso.
- 2. Pedestrian data are in millions of persons.
- 3. Personal vehicle traffic flows are in millions of vehicles (cars, light trucks, mini-vans).
- 4. Cargo vehicle data are in millions of trucks.
- 5. BOTA is the acronym for Bridge of the Americas at Cordova Street.
- 6. PDN is the acronym for the Paso del Norte Santa Fe Street bridge.
- $7. \ \ DCL \ is the acronym for the dedicated commuter lane on the Reforma bridge at Stanton Street.$

		Table	10: El l	Paso W	ater Co	nsump	tion				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Water Customers	150.885	155.555	159.038	163.949	167.448	171.870	176.404	181.326	185.496	190.072	194.844
% change	1.9	3.1	2.2	3.1	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.3	2.5	2.5
Single-Family Meters	125.444	127.307	130.510	133.879	136.286	139.396	142.680	147.134	150.047	153.45	157.024
% change	1.6	1.5	2.5	2.6	1.8	2.3	2.4	3.1	2.0	2.3	2.3
Multi-Family Meters	4.722	4.755	4.765	4.758	4.730	4.725	4.737	4.739	4.750	4.765	4.786
% change	-0.9	0.7	0.2	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.4
Commercial Business Meters	8.197	8.651	8.663	8.828	8.973	9.114	9.215	8.675	8.869	8.971	9.073
% change	-0.3	5.5	0.1	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.1	-5.9	2.2	1.2	1.1
Industrial Business Meters	0.195	0.199	0.188	0.207	0.206	0.195	0.194	0.191	0.194	0.197	0.199
% change	-0.5	2.1	-5.5	10.1	-0.5	-5.3	-0.5	-1.5	1.8	1.4	1.0
Other Meter Connections	12.327	14.643	14.912	16.277	17.253	18.440	19.578	20.587	21.636	22.689	23.761
% change	7.0	18.8	1.8	9.2	6.0	6.9	6.2	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.7
Total Water Consumed	34.541	35.071	35.771	36.022	35.387	35.372	33.898	32.042	32.254	32.504	32.639
% change	-0.3	1.5	2.0	0.7	-1.8	0.0	-4.2	-5.5	0.7	0.8	0.4
Single-Family Gallons	19.102	19.852	20.187	20.338	19.932	19.999	19.383	18.184	18.316	18.521	18.578
% change	1.6	3.9	1.7	0.7	-2.0	0.3	-3.1	-6.2	0.7	1.1	0.3
Multi-Family Gallons	3.493	3.594	3.721	3.699	3.525	3.486	3.324	3.205	3.158	3.108	3.064
% change	-0.8	2.9	3.5	-0.6	-4.7	-1.1	-4.7	-3.6	-1.5	-1.6	-1.4
Commercial Gallons Cons.	4.172	4.329	4.484	4.574	4.370	4.215	4.094	3.927	4.010	4.052	4.092
% change	-4.4	3.8	3.6	2.0	-4.5	-3.5	-2.9	-4.1	2.1	1.0	1.0
Industrial Gallons Consumed	1.307	0.906	0.729	0.714	0.496	0.408	0.349	0.400	0.400	0.398	0.396
% change	11.2	-30.7	-19.5	-2.1	-30.6	-17.7	-14.3	14.4	0.1	-0.6	-0.4
Other Water Consumption	6.467	6.390	6.65	6.697	7.064	7.264	6.748	6.326	6.369	6.426	6.509
% change	-4.7	-1.2	4.1	0.7	5.5	2.8	-7.1	-6.2	0.7	0.9	1.3

- 1. Water customer meter connections are reported in thousands.
- 2. El Paso water consumption data are reported in billion gallons.
- 3. Other water accounts include schools, parks, churches, and government agencies.

	Tabl	e 11: C	iudad J	uarez I	Demogr	aphic I	ndicato	ors			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Ciudad Juarez Population	1107.5	1159.5	1207.7	1255.8	1297.4	1338.6	1379.6	1420.3	1464.1	1508.8	1554.9
% change	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.0	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.1
Resident Births	25.799	26.985	32.219	30.971	34.193	29.733	27.680	29.800	32.147	33.525	34.478
% change	0.4	4.6	19.4	-3.9	10.4	-13.0	-6.9	7.7	7.9	4.3	2.8
Resident Deaths	5.438	5.001	5.180	5.390	5.570	5.740	5.920	6.090	6.263	6.438	6.616
% change	7.6	-8.0	3.6	4.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8
Net Migration	29.256	29.960	21.144	22.593	12.912	17.252	19.205	16.963	17.928	17.668	18.237
Juarez Water Meters	214.916	226.773	242.089	257.151	273.954	292.597	309.768	328.582	344.809	361.415	378.407
% change	-1.9	5.5	6.8	6.2	6.5	6.8	5.9	6.1	4.9	4.8	4.7
Total Water Consumption % change	139.246 -1.3	145.450 4.5	148.400 2.0	155.631 4.9	160.205 2.9	149.590 -6.6	151.348 1.2	161.810 6.9	165.482 2.3	170.477 3.0	175.611 3.0

- 1. All Ciudad Juarez population data are reported in thousands.
- 2. Ciudad Juarez water meter connections are expressed in thousands.
- 3. Ciudad Juarez water consumption is reported in million cubic meters.

Table 12: Ciudad Juarez Economic Indicators 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Total Maquiladora Emp. 190.506 206.623 218.456 249.380 228.445 200.891 194.642 204.797 217.536 225.139 234.615 10.2 8.5 -8.4 -3.1 % change 5.7 14.2 -12.1 5.2 6.2 3.5 4.2 308 307 279 294 300 Juarez Maquiladora Plants 283 258 271 271 287 290 7.2 -9.1 -2.9 5.9 0.9 1.5 2.0 % change -8.8 5.0 13.7 -0.3 Average Hourly Wages 2.41 2.52 2.95 3.38 3.84 4.24 3.88 3.56 3.66 3.77 3.89 2.8 18.7 4.5 14.6 10.5 % change 17.0 13.5 -8.5 -8.2 3.1 3.3 3265.9 3415.5 3481.6 Total Value Added 1924.0 2098.4 2576.0 3513.6 3224.5 3262.7 3605.0 3771.8 33.2 9.1 22.8 26.8 -2.8 -5.6 1.2 % change 7.6 6.7 3.5 4.6 Total Formal Sector Emp. 319.855 355.763 390.622 411.485 375.988 340.966 325.212 331.521 354.726 367.450 383.653 % change 11.6 11.2 9.8 5.3 -8.6 -9.3 -4.6 1.9 7.0 3.6 4.4 Total Mfg. Employment 218.678 240.528 262.283 284.675 248.757 215.605 202.376 204.930 222.100 228.443 238.639 % change 11.8 10.0 9.0 8.5 -12.6 -13.3 -6.1 1.3 8.4 2.9 4.5 29.249 40.200 38.972 40.953 Commerce Employment 32.500 35.727 38.204 37.669 38.258 43.205 45.229 10.8 11.1 9.9 6.9 5.2 7.0 5.5 % change -3.1 -3.3 1.6 4.7 Regulated Industry Emp. 7.562 8.998 10.659 11.675 11.851 11.443 11.264 11.145 11.409 11.768 12.243 % change 10.3 19.0 18.5 9.5 1.5 -3.4 -1.6 -1.1 2.4 3.2 4.0 81.953 76.931 74.946 77.188 80.265 84.034 87.542 Services & Other Emp. 64.366 73.737 75.180 73.903 11.7 11.1 -6.1 -2.3 -0.3 4.4 4.0 4.2 % change 14.6 -1.4 4.7

- 1. Ciudad Juarez employment data are reported in thousands.
- 2. Ciudad Juarez maquiladora hourly wages are reported in nominal dollar equivalents and include benefits.
- 3. The maquiladora industry standard work week is 45 hours.
- 4. Ciudad Juarez maquiladora value-added data are expressed in millions of nominal dollars.
- 5. Ciudad Juarez formal sector jobs are those covered by the social security system in Mexico.
- 6. Regulated sectors include transportation, communications, and public utilities.

	Table	13: Ci	udad C	hihuah	ua Eco	nomic	Indicat	ors			
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cd. Chihuahua Population	645.0	653.8	662.7	671.8	694.4	703.4	712.1	720.5	732.6	745.9	759.5
% change	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	3.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.8
Cd. Chihuahua Water Meters	128.457	130.564	132.665	160.621	186.026	202.785	204.707	215.178	225.768	236.438	247.190
% change	0.8	1.6	1.6	21.1	15.8	9.0	0.9	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.5
Total Water Consumption	57.088	58.788	59.935	62.970	64.149	67.816	66.104	63.522	66.161	68.889	71.661
% change	3.8	3.0	2.0	5.1	1.9	5.7	-2.5	-3.9	4.2	4.1	4.0
Total Maquiladora Emp.	37.329	40.661	47.289	51.170	42.990	40.584	43.627	43.346	46.570	48.025	50.638
% change	12.9	8.9	16.3	8.2	-16.0	-5.6	7.5	-0.6	7.4	3.1	5.4
Cd. Chih. Maq. Plants	74	77	82	84	81	74	76	77	80	85	90
% change	10.4	4.1	6.5	2.4	-3.6	-8.6	2.7	1.3	4.3	5.3	6.0
Average Hourly Wages	2.52	2.54	2.97	3.66	4.62	5.13	4.37	4.11	4.22	4.34	4.47
% change	20.4	0.8	16.9	23.3	26.2	11.1	-14.8	-6.1	2.8	2.8	3.0
Total Value Added	438.2	499.3	650.2	859.5	985.3	933.1	961.2	854.6	921.3	972.4	1,037.00
% change	34.8	13.9	30.2	32.2	14.6	-5.3	3.0	-11.1	7.8	5.5	6.6
Total Formal Sector Emp.	151.031	162.605	175.087	185.538	180.359	173,481	168.778	169.441	178.557	186.107	194.548
% change	10	7.7	7.7	6.0	-2.8	-3.8	-2.7	0.4	5.4	4.2	4.5
Total Mfg. Employment	62.293	68.805	79.297	88.860	80.755	74.223	67.044	65.498	70.939	74.926	79.238
% change	8.8	10.5	15.2	12.1	-9.1	-8.1	-9.7	-2.3	8.3	5.6	5.8
Commerce Employment	24.037	25.193	26.466	30.455	32.982	33.944	35.059	34.954	36.697	38.551	40.579
% change	10.9	4.8	5.1	15.1	8.3	2.9	3.3	-0.3	5.0	5.1	5.3
Regulated Industry Emp.	9.390	8.917	8.983	9.199	9.001	8.438	8.302	8.666	8.744	8.876	9.095
% change	2.3	-5.0	0.7	2.4	-2.2	-6.3	-1.6	4.4	0.9	1.5	2.5
Services & Other Emp.	55.311	59.690	60.341	57.024	57.621	56.876	58.373	60.323	62.178	63.755	65.635
% change	12.4	7.9	1.1	-5.5	1.0	-1.3	2.6	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.9

- 1. Ciudad Chihuahua employment data are reported in thousands.
- 2. Ciudad Chihuahua maquiladora hourly wages are reported in nominal dollar equivalents and include benefits.
- 3. The maquiladora industry standard work week is 45 hours.
- 4. Ciudad Chihuahua maquiladora value-added data are expressed in millions of nominal dollars.
- $5. \ \ Ciudad\ Chihuahua\ water\ meter\ connections\ are\ expressed\ in\ thousands.$
- 6. Ciudad Chihuahua water consumption is reported in million cubic meters.
- 7. Ciudad Chihuahua population data are in thousands.
- 8. Ciudad Chihuahua formal sector jobs are those covered by the social security system in Mexico.
- 9. Regulated sectors include transportation, communications, and public utilities.

Table 14: Las Cruces Demographic and Other Indicators 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Population 169.081 172.057 173.889 174.991 176.635 178.590 182.551 186.095 189.580 193.037 196.687 2.1 0.6 0.9 2.2 1.9 % change 1.8 1.1 1.1 1.9 1.8 1.9 3.183 3.245 3.459 3.544 Business Establishments 3.157 3.260 3.211 3.226 3.270 3.300 3.608 2.4 0.6 0.9 2.5 % change 0.8 2.4 -1.5 0.5 0.8 4.8 1.8 Business Bankruptcies 38 32 46 30 65 61 78 80 60 56 59 -22.4 -15.8 43.8 -34.8 116.7 -6.2 27.9 2.6 -25 -6.7 5.4 % change 525 643 606 512 648 747 739 Personal Bankruptcies 626 756 726 730 37.4 22.5 -15.5 22.3 3.5 16.7 -1.2 % change -5.8 -1.1 -1.8 0.6 NMSU Fall Enrollment 15.067 15.409 15.449 14.958 15.224 15.243 16.174 16.428 16.072 16.451 16.862 % change 2.2 2.3 0.3 -3.2 1.8 0.1 6.1 1.6 -2.2 2.4 2.5 DABCC Fall Enrollment 4.196 4.299 4.471 4.640 4.717 5.178 5.590 6.083 6.570 6.975 7.335 9.8 % change 8.1 2.5 4.0 3.8 1.7 8.0 8.8 8.0 6.2 5.2 Personal Income 2686.5 2909.6 2998.3 3120.0 3460.0 3589.8 3789.1 4016.2 4257.1 4505.3 4768.1 10.9 % change 5.3 8.3 3.0 4.1 3.8 5.6 6.0 6.0 5.8 5.8 Labor and Proprietor Earnings 1891.6 2675.1 2824.8 1633.8 1782.6 1845.8 2068.1 2212.7 2384.2 2520.0 2980.6 5.5 3.5 2.5 9.3 7.0 % change 9.1 7.7 5.7 6.2 5.6 5.5 Real GMP 2.464 2.580 2.688 2.705 2.686 2.901 3.047 3.196 3.364 3.493 3.629 % change 3.6 4.7 4.2 0.7 -0.7 8.0 5.0 4.9 5.2 3.8 3.9 Total Employment 68.724 70.506 72.977 75.557 76.905 79.172 81.195 83.250 85.144 86.981 88.762 % change 1.8 2.6 3.5 3.5 1.8 2.9 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.2 2.0

- 1. The Las Cruces metropolitan economy is comprised by Dona Ana County.
- 2. Population, college enrollment, and business establishment data are in thousands.
- 3. All income and earnings data are expressed in millions of dollars.
- 3. Labor and proprietor earnings encompass wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, and proprietor earnings.
- 4. Real gross metropolitan product data are expressed in billions of 1996 dollars.
- 5. Employment data are expressed in thousands.

		Tabl	e 15: L	as Cruo	es Emp	ployme	nt				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Las Cruces Total Emp.	68.724	70.506	72.977	75.557	76.905	79.172	81.195	83.250	85.144	86.981	88.762
% change	1.8	2.6	3.5	3.5	1.8	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.0
Construction Employment	4.483	4.412	4.737	4.599	4.515	4.691	5.033	5.251	5.376	5.486	5.594
% change	-2.9	-1.6	7.4	-2.9	-1.8	3.9	7.3	4.3	2.4	2.0	2.0
Manufacturing	3.087	3.262	3.430	3.481	3.368	3.278	3.387	3.411	3.436	3.461	3.474
% change	3.3	5.7	5.2	1.5	-3.2	-2.7	3.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.4
State Government	7.264	7.687	7.627	7.972	8.603	8.454	8.575	8.694	8.798	8.921	9.063
% change	1.6	5.8	-0.8	4.5	7.9	-1.7	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6
Local Government	8.163	7.072	6.920	6.938	7.039	7.501	7.480	7.530	7.645	7.726	7.814
% change	8.6	-13.4	-2.1	0.3	1.5	6.6	-0.3	0.7	1.5	1.1	1.1
Federal Civilian Govt.	3.78	3.607	3.439	3.538	3.347	3.349	3.401	3.408	3.414	3.439	3.451
% change	-0.9	-4.6	-4.7	2.9	-5.4	0.1	1.6	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.4
Military Employment	0.707	0.661	0.661	0.639	0.631	0.628	0.629	0.633	0.636	0.643	0.646
% change	-1.0	-6.5	0.0	-3.3	-1.3	-0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	1.1	0.6
Not Elsewhere Classified	41.240	43.805	46.163	48.390	49.402	51.271	52.690	54.323	55.839	57.305	58.720
% change	1.4	6.2	5.4	4.8	2.1	3.8	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.5

^{1.} Employment data are expressed in thousands.

^{2.} Not Elsewhere Classified includes communications, services, retail, financial and other employment categories.

		Table 1	16: Las	Cruces	S Person	nal Inco	ome				
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Personal Income	2686.5	2909.6	2998.3	3120.0	3460.0	3589.8	3789.1	4016.2	4257.1	4505.3	4768.1
% change	5.3	8.3	3.0	4.1	10.9	3.8	5.6	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.8
Wages and Salaries	1206.0	1301.0	1360.1	1451.6	1509.0	1624.6	1734.5	1819.5	1922.7	2028.7	2137.6
% change	6.5	7.9	4.5	6.7	4.0	7.7	6.8	4.9	5.7	5.5	5.4
Other Labor Income	209.5	219.3	223.1	237.0	251.6	287.2	312.9	335.4	362.2	379.9	398.2
% change	2.3	4.7	1.8	6.2	6.2	14.1	8.9	7.2	8.0	4.9	4.8
Proprietor Incomes	218.3	262.3	262.5	203.1	307.5	300.9	336.8	365.0	390.2	416.2	444.8
% change	3.0	20.2	0.1	-22.7	51.4	-2.2	11.9	8.4	6.9	6.7	6.9
Social Ins. Cntrbns.	89.9	97.7	104.3	107.6	114.6	125.4	134.6	142.0	151.6	161.2	170.9
% change	4.2	8.6	6.7	3.3	6.4	9.5	7.3	5.5	6.8	6.3	6.0
Residence Adjustments	154.2	167.2	186.5	202.4	217.5	219.6	221.0	229.9	240.0	251.7	263.3
% change	12.0	8.4	11.6	8.5	7.5	1.0	0.6	4.0	4.4	4.9	4.6
Dividends, Int., Rent	510.7	545.8	524.6	547.4	612.5	534.2	523.6	560.3	595.9	621.5	654.0
% change	4.9	6.9	-3.9	4.4	11.9	-12.8	-2.0	7.0	6.4	4.3	5.2
Retirement Transfers	386.9	418.6	438.9	483.1	571.9	627.6	659.9	708.1	751.5	812.8	874.2
% change	5.5	8.2	4.9	10.1	18.4	9.7	5.1	7.3	6.1	8.2	7.6
Inc. Maint. Transfers	83.9	84.0	93.5	92.9	94.4	106.7	119.6	125.5	131.8	141.4	152.0
% change	-5.8	0.2	11.3	-0.6	1.6	13.0	12.1	4.9	5.0	7.3	7.5
Unemployment Transfers	7.0	9.1	13.3	10.3	10.2	14.3	15.4	14.5	14.5	14.4	14.9
% change	1.0	31.5	45.4	-22.8	-1.1	41.3	7.1	-5.8	-0.1	-0.2	3.2

- 1. All Las Cruces income data are expressed in millions of dollars.
- 2. Social insurance contributions are deducted from total regional income estimates.
- 3. Retirement transfer payments include social security and other retirement payments.
- 4. Income maintenance transfers include aid to families with dependent children and other payments.
- 5. Unemployment transfer payments include unemployment insurance payments to individuals.
- 6. The Las Cruces metropolitan economy is comprised by Dona Ana County.

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