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Received at 111 North Oregon Street, El Paso, Texas Always Open

DB683 23 NM=NEWYORK NY 15

MRS FRANK ZLABOVSKY=

COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN 1016 OLIVE ST ELPASO TEX=

JAIMES ABISROR ADVISES HE RECEIVED TELEGRAM FROM HIS BROTHER

SEVERAL DAYS AGO AND HAS ANSWERED IT HE IS IN NO POSITION

TO ASSIST=

DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRANT.

THE QUICKEST, SUREST AND SAFEST WAY TO SEND MONEY IS BY TELEGRAPH OR CABLE

February 17th, 1930.

Dr. Henry Cohen, Galvesten, Texas.

My Dear Dr. Cohen:

You referred to me a copy of the appeal that is to be made to the Fronch commulat New Orleans, Louisians by Somen Voters. This appeal was in bahalf of Leon Abieror, a Fronch subject and a Jew by faith.

I went up to see Mr. McCune, the assistant district attorney, in the Federal building with reference to the charge of bribery that has been placed against him. Mr. McCune mang up the Immigration Department and they told him that there was no doubt in their mind that Leon Abisror would be deported, but that they had not yet finished with the papers of the case. Mr. McGune then told me that if he was to be deported, it would be useless to press the case before the Department of Justice, and that he would not present the matter to the Earth Grand Jury, but hold some until the Federal Grand Jury meets in Al Paso on the first Menday in april.

Should we be able to prove his right of residence in the United tates and should the Immigration Department decide not to take too seriously the five dollar offer, than he would do all he could to drop same and permit him to return to his family.

This is as far as I have gone in the matter up to the present time. I shall take up the matter with the Imaigration authorities and see what can be done, and I assure you that I shall do whatever is pessible to send this young man back to his family in Brooklyn.

"Ith kindest personal regards.

Sincerely yours,

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Martin Zielnika

0.0. to Mrs. F. Zlabovaky Mrs. J. B. Skidmoro.

him shrapen

Visa.

- 4. It further appears from the hearing record that when he left El Paso he stated he was an American sitizen, having been naturalized on March 27, 1925. Upon his attempted return to El Paso, he made the usual affidavit of a returning American citizen (form 511), but the inspector noticed the impossibility of his having been naturalized in 1925 if he had come here only in 1921. Upon further questioning, he admitted that he was not an American citizen, but claimed to have merely taken out his first papers. Even if he had obtained his first papers, he would still have no right of returning without an immigration visa. He then offered \$5 to the immigration inspector to tear up form 511 and then put a \$5 bill in the inspector's pocket. Accordingly, he was arrested on January 14, 1930, for attempting to bribe an inspector, pleaded guilty, and held on \$1000 bail for grand jury. From the brief of his local attorney, Charles Owen, it appears that when the criminal case came to the federal court for final action, he was sentenced to four months in prison, the same to run from the time of his arrest.
- 5. Although he first claimed that he was married to a woman residing in New York, he later admitted that he was merely living with her, but they were never married and no marriage license ever produced; just had a party at which the rabbi was present. The rabbi advised him to marry, but he did not do so.
- 6. The record else contains a communication from Ellis Island, stating that they were unable to verify his elleged legal permanent admission in 1921.
- 7. In view of the foregoing facts which are admitted by the alien himself, we do not see how anything can be done in the matter. The exclusion at El Paso will undoubtedly be affirmed by the Department, and he will not be able to enter the United States until after the clapse of one year from such exclusion, and then only if in possession of a valid quota immigration visa. As this is not a deportation proceeding, the order of exclusion will not bar him forever from entering the United States when in possession of an immigration visa.
- 8. The hearing record shows letters end affidavits from many persons in Brooklyn, certifying to his good character, etc. All of this is not material, however, on the sole legal question involved, nor would it even help him if he had legally married his wife.

Treasurer
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Executive Secretary
Mes. Estelle M. Sternberger
New York City

The National Council of Jewish Women

CABLE ADDRESS COUNJEW, NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF SERVICE FOR FOREIGN BORN

MRS. MAURICE L. GOLDMAN, CHAIRMAN 799 BROADWAY

TELEPHONE STUYVESANT 9398

CECILIA RAZOVSKY SECRETARY

THE CITY OF NEW YORK

May 8th, 1930.

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S. M. C. SLOSS
San Francisco, Calif.

Port Chester, N. Y.

Mrs. Frank Zlabovsky

Council of Jewish Women

1016 Olive Street

El Paso, Texas

My dear Mrs. Zlabovsky: Re: LEON ABISROR

You will undoubtedly be interested in enclosed copy of letter received from Mr. Hershfield of Washington, with reference to the above named. Since the as, Herbert E. Ottenheimer man is represented by an attorney, there is nothing further Louisville, Ky. that we can do at this end.

Sincerely yours,

Cecilia Razovsky Secretary

CR:A. eno.

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HERREN SHELFFFIRG AND IMPIGRANT AID SOCIETY OF AMERICA

May 2, 1950.

From

WASHINGTON BUREAU

ma

NATIONAL COURCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN

Subject: LEON ABISROR

Received Mayord, 1980.

55688/999 55704/938

Further answering your letter of March 4,1930, and suppliementing ours of March 5,1950:

- 1. You wrote us that this case was referred to you by Mrs. Zlabovsky of the El Paso Council and by Rabbi Zielenka and sent us a copy of a letter by Mrs. Zlabovsky to the French Consul, at New Orleans; and you asked us to look into the matter and advise you what can be done.
- 2. At that time there was no complete hearing record at the Departments merely a letter stating the facts, which we gave you in our letter of March 5, and that a criminal presecution was pending against him for attempted bribery.
- The hearing record has now been forwarded to the Department and bears 3. file mumber, 55704/936. It appears that this man was never legally admitted. He is what is known as a deserting seamon, having come here in Pebruary, 1921, as a member of the erew (waiter) on the SaSale Africa, at the port of New York; never paid any head tax or was inspected for permanent admission. Under the law, he could not have been deported after a lapse of 3 years; but this did not constitute any legal admission. If he ever left the country, he could not be readmitted except as a quota immigrant in possession of a quota immigration visa. Unfortunately, on January 12,1930, he went from El Pase, Texas, to Juares, Mexico, and attempted to return to El Paso the same or following day. This brief absence from the United States terminated whatever rights of residence he had here. There is no question whatever about this as the point has been expressly decided by the United States Supreme Court. His brief absence at Juarez made his attempted return here a new entry for which he had to have a quota immigration visa.
- 4. It further appears from the hearing record that when he left El Pase he stated he was an American citisen, having been naturalized on Harch 27, 1925. Upon his attempted return to El Pase, he made the usual affidavit of a returning American citisen (form 511), but the inspector noticed the impossibility of his having been naturalized in 1925 if he had come here only in 1921. Upon further questioning, he admitted that he was not on American citisen, but claimed to have merely taken out his first papers. Even if he had obtained his first papers, he would still have no right of returning without an immigration visa. He then offered \$5 to the immigration inspector to tear up form 511 and then put a \$5 bill in the inspector's pocket. Accordingly, he was arrested on January 14, 1930, for attempting to bribe an inspector, pleaded guilty, and held on \$1000 bail for grand jury. From the brief of his local attorney, Charles Owen, it appears that when the criminal case came to the federal court

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HERREW SHELTERING AND ICHICRANT AID SOCIETY OF AMERICA

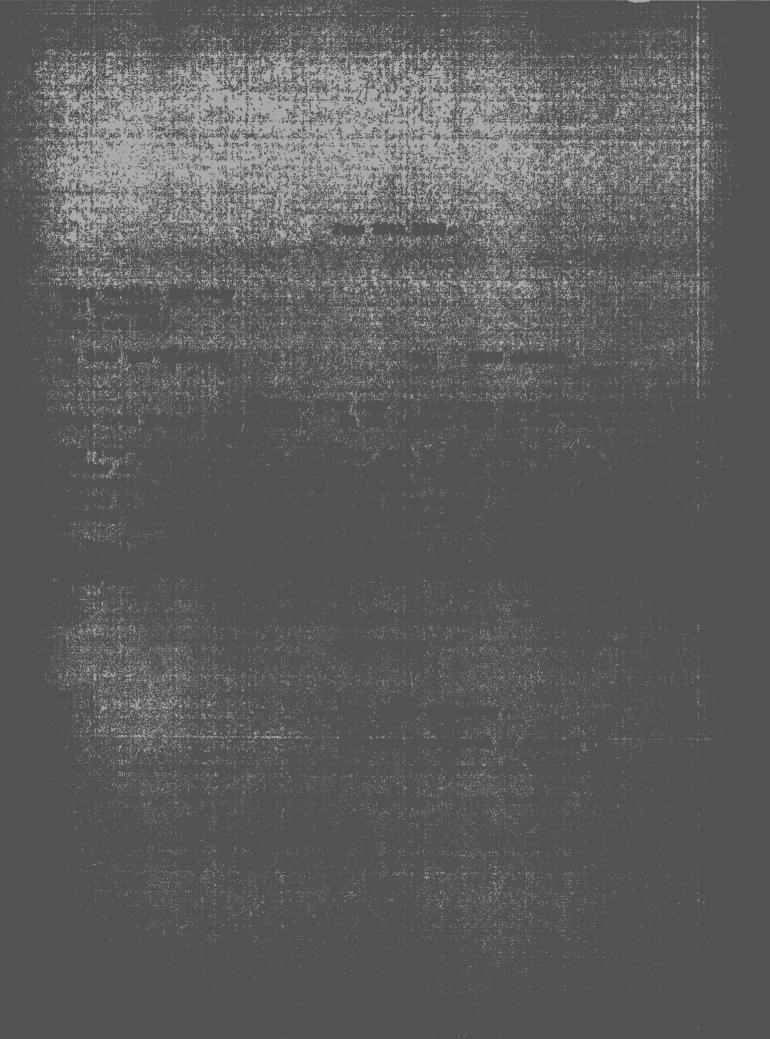
re: Leon Abisrer

for final action, he was sentenced to four months in prison, the same to run from the time of his arrest.

- 5. Although he first claimed that he was married to a woman residing in New York, he later admitted that he was merely living with her, but they were never married and no marriage license ever procured; just had a party at which the rabbi was present. The rabbi advised him to marry, but he did not do so.
- 6. The record also contains a communication from Ellis sland, stating that they were unable to verify his alleged legal permanent admission in 1921.
- 7. In view of the foregoing facts which are admitted by the alien himself, we do not see how anything can be done in the matter. The exclusion at El Pase will undoubtedly be affirmed by the Department, and he will not be able to enter the United States until after the lapse of one year from such exclusion, and then only if in possession of a valid quota immigration visa. As this is not a deportation propositing, the order of exclusion will not bur him forever from embering the United States when in possession of an immigration visa.
- 8. The hearing record shows letters and affidavius from many persons in Brocklyn, certifying to his good character, etc. All of this is not material, however, on the sole legal question involved, nor would it even help him if he had legally married his wife.

(Signed) Isidore Hershfield

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Mrs. Frank Elabovsky Service to the Foriegn Born 1016 Olive Street El Paso, Texas.

" January 7, 1931

Miss Gecelia Raseveky 799 Broadway New York N.Y.

Re; Leen Abierer

Dear Miss Rasovsky;

After being held in detention for four months Leon Abisrer was deported to Morroso the country of the birth.

Yours truly,

Mrs. Frank Elabovsky Service to the Foriegn Born 1016 Glise Street El Paso, Texas.